

My Child Has ADHD, What Now?

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ADD or ADHD?

- Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder
 - Predominantly inattentive presentation
 - Predominantly hyperactive/impulsive presentation
 - Combined presentation



Key Features

- Impulsivity
 - Disturbance in executive functions of controlling arousal and level of activation for the situation
- Inattention
 - Inability to deploy, sustain, and shift attention as task demands require
- Hyperactivity
 - Inability to determine when actions should be emitted, control the force and sequencing of actions

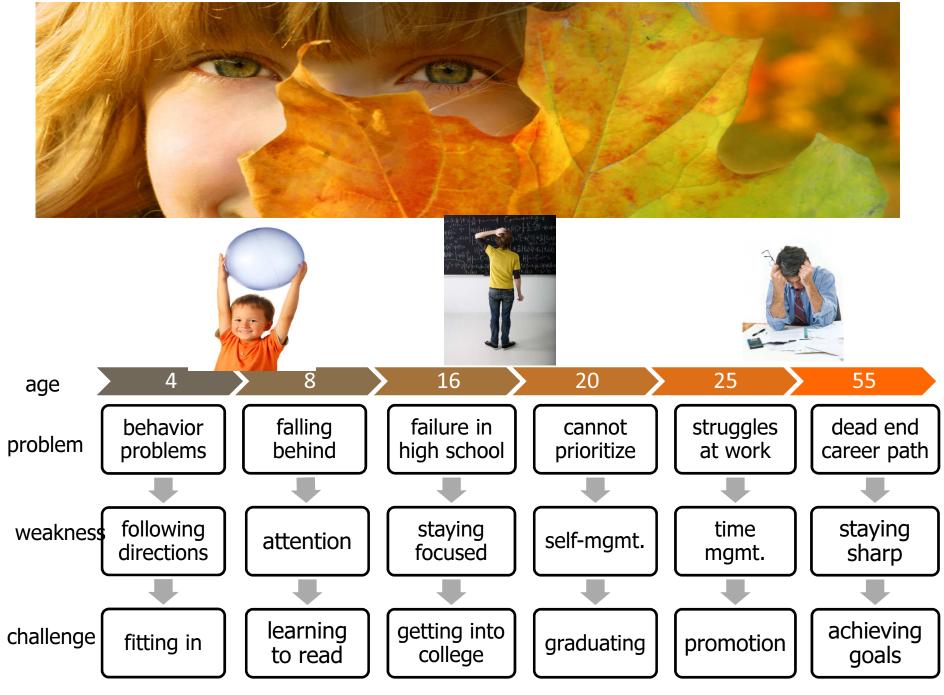
Gallager and Blader (2001).



Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder

- Present in 2 or more settings
- Significantly interfere
- Prior to 12 years of age
- Severity = Mild,
 Moderate, Severe

- 5% of children
- 2.5% of adults
- Overlaps (comorbid) with other disorders



Cogmed America 2009



What Causes ADHD?

- Diet
- Parenting
- Prenatal toxins
- Postnatal toxins

- Very low birth weight
- Family History



What Goes With ADHD?

- Learning Disabilities (25 40%)
 - Written Expression
 - Verbal
 - Nonverbal
- Behavioral Disorders
 - Oppositional Defiant Disorder (50%)
 - Conduct Disorder (25 45%)

- Mood Disorders (25%)
 - Anxiety
 - Bipolar Disorder
 - Depression
- Substance Use Disorders (10 – 25%)
- Tic disorders and Tourette Syndrome
- Social skill deficits



Core Features in Preschool

- Highly active
- "mood swings"
- Little need for sleep, naps
- High need for supervision



Core Features in Elementary School

- Inability to sit still
- Problems with personal space, intrusive
- May appear or be called "lazy" or "spaced out"
- Sloppy
- Social rejection



Core Features in Middle, High School, Adulthood

- Continued lags in academic output
- Problems with organization
- Need to repeat tasks



What are the Options?

- Medication
 - Stimulant
 - Non-stimulant
- Intervention
 - Treatment approaches
- Accommodations
 - Long-term supports



Medication

Pros

- Effective for preschoolers, children, adolescents and adults
- Negative side effects

Cons

- Does not teach skills
- Can increase probability of tics



Medications

Stimulant

- Methylphenidate
 - Ritalin, Metadate, Concerta,
 Daytrana, Focalin
- Amphetamines
 - Adderral, Dexedrine, Vyvanse
- Short-Acting
- Long-Acting
- Patch (Daytrana)

Non-Stimulant

- Strattera (NE, 5-HT)
- Intuniv, Tenex (Guanfacine)



Risks and Side Effects

- Cardiac
- Appetite suppression
- Anxiety
- Sleep difficulty
- Mood
- Tics

- Little indication of addiction
- Can be misused for profit/performance enhancement
- Sedation



Intervention

- Behavior Modification
- Cognitive-Behavioral Therapy
- Brain Training
 - Interactive Metronome
 - Neurofeedback
 - Cogmed
- Camps
- Educational
- Complementary and Alternative Approaches



Behavior Modification

- Modify the Setting
- Modify Timing
- Modify Responses

- Parent Training
- Most Effective Approach with preschoolers



Cognitive-Behavioral Therapy

- Effective alone or with medication
- Teaches skills
- Requires verbal skills, problem solving
- Summer camps

- Self-control
- Relaxation
- Positive self-talk



Brain Training

- Interactive Metronome
- Neurofeedback
- Cogmed
- Brain Gym



Educational

- Behavioral and environmental modification
- Associated learning problems
- Organization
- Peer assistance
- Problem-solving
- Social skills



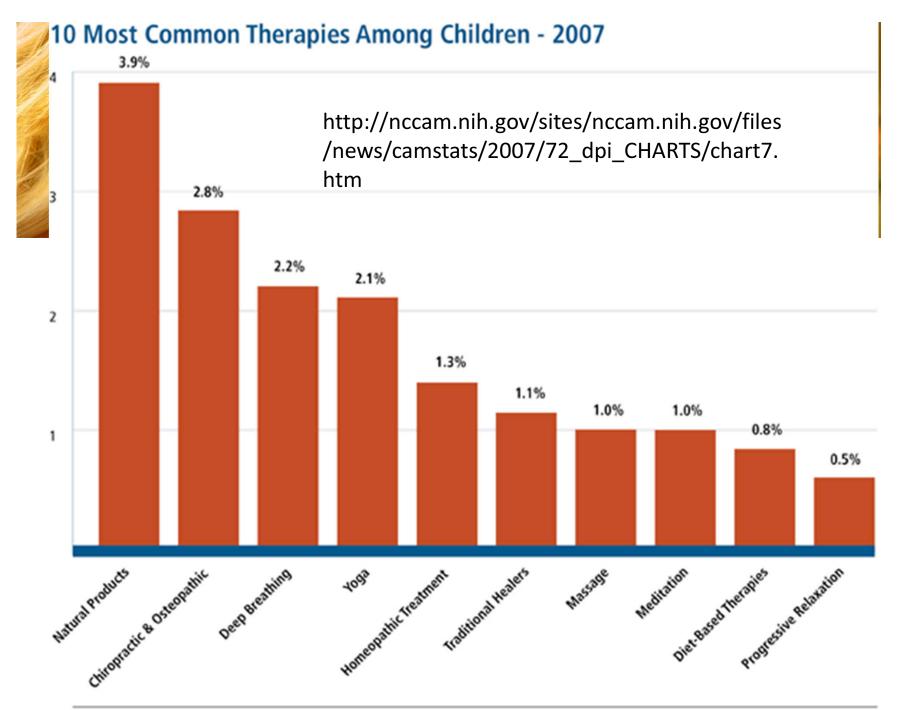
Accommodations

- Home
- School
 - Individuals with Disabilities Education Act
 - Americans with Disabilities Act
 - Entrance exams (ACT, SAT)
 - Throughout college!
- Work
 - ADA



Complementary/Alternative

- Dietary
- Nutritional Supplements
- Sensory Integration
- Interactive Metronome
- Visual retraining
- Chelation therapy
- Craniosacral manipulation



Source: Barnes PM, Bloom B, Nahin R. CDC National Health Statistics Report #12. Complementary and Alternative Medicine Use Among Adults and Children: United States, 2007. December 2008.



Important Considerations

- Examine and rule out other medical conditions to be targeted for treatment
 - Neurologic
 - Behavioral
 - Developmental/Learning
 - Emotional, trauma, stress



Individualized

- Severity and type of ADHD
 - Predominantly Inattentive v. hyperactive-impulsive
- Age of child and other developmental, medical factors
- Parent/family beliefs, preferences
- Cognitive and behavioral profile



Comprehensive Neuropsychological Evaluation

- Cognitive, emotional, behavioral, family, medical, educational factors
- Complete history
- Evaluation of multiple domains of cognitive functioning



Evaluation

- Is a PROCESS, NOT a Test
 - Few measures differentiate ADHD from outpatient controls with the exception of DS back and TMT
 - Specific tasks of vigilance and sustained attention and simple tasks of mental effort can differentiate some with ADHD, but are not very specific to ADHD; and are not always sensitive
- Children
 - Poorer working memory, processing speed, motor speed
- Adults
 - Slower motor and mental processing speed
 - Poorer verbal learning and recall



www.Parentsmedguide.org

Parents MedGuide.org helping parents help their kids



Medication Guide for treating ADHD

Click **HERE** to download the Adobe Acrobat PDF version of the Guide.

Click HERE to download the Adobe Acrobat PDF version of the Guide. (Español)

Click HERE for the AACAP Practice Parameters for the Assessment and Treatment of Children and Adolescents With Attention-Deficit/ Hyperactivity Disorder

Please help us better serve your needs and the needs of others by completing a brief opinion survey after reviewing the "Medication Guide for Treating ADHD." Your feedback on the guide is essential for us to provide accurate and helpful information about ADHD. Click HERE to begin the survey. Thank you!

















Nccam.nih.gov/health

This issue provides information about scope of use of complementary

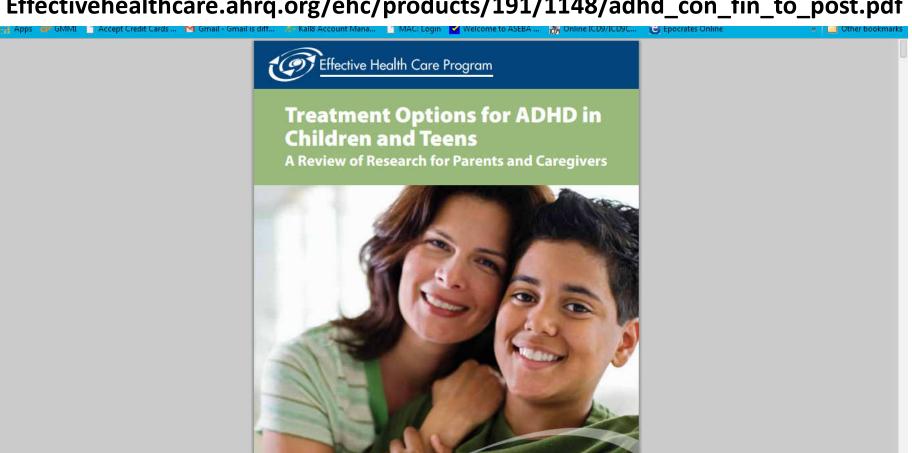


like to share your comments please

e-mail the NCCAM Clinical Digest ₪.



Effectivehealthcare.ahrq.org/ehc/products/191/1148/adhd_con_fin_to_post.pdf





www.chadd.org









Announcement

CHADD has moved. Although our address has changed our phone numbers have remained the w.chadd.org/UnderstandingADHD/ParentsCaregiversofChildrenwithADHD.aspx

CHADD Resource Directory

Search by State to find ADHD professionals, local support



Help4adhd.org



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Velcome

Diagnosis &

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ADHD Science, Information, Resources, Support

Need assistance? Our information specialists can help: 800-233-4050 or online

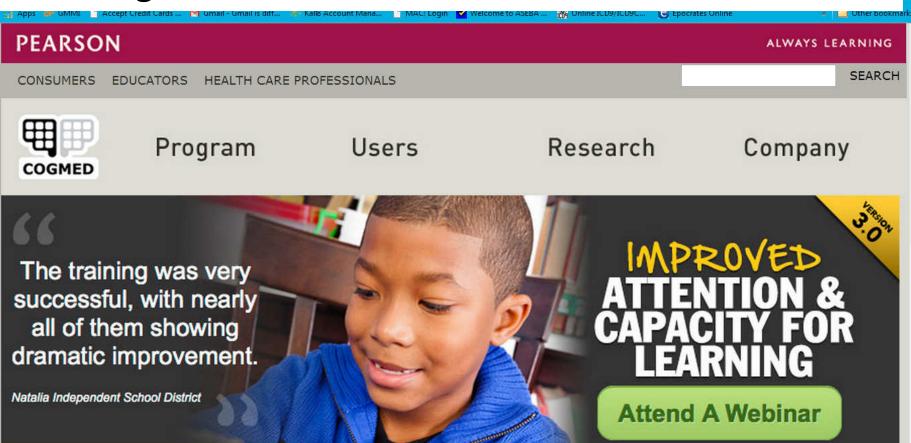






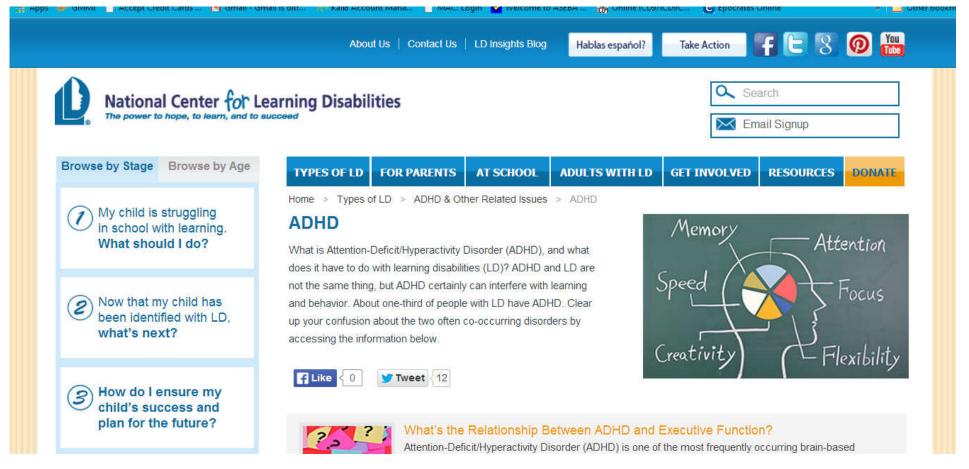
www.cogmed.com

ww.cogmed.com/educators



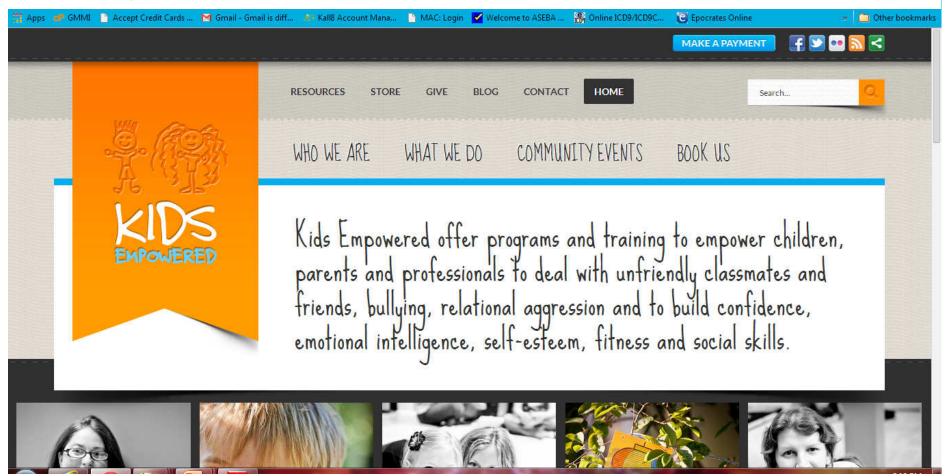


www.ncld.org/types-learning-disabilities/adhd-related-issues/



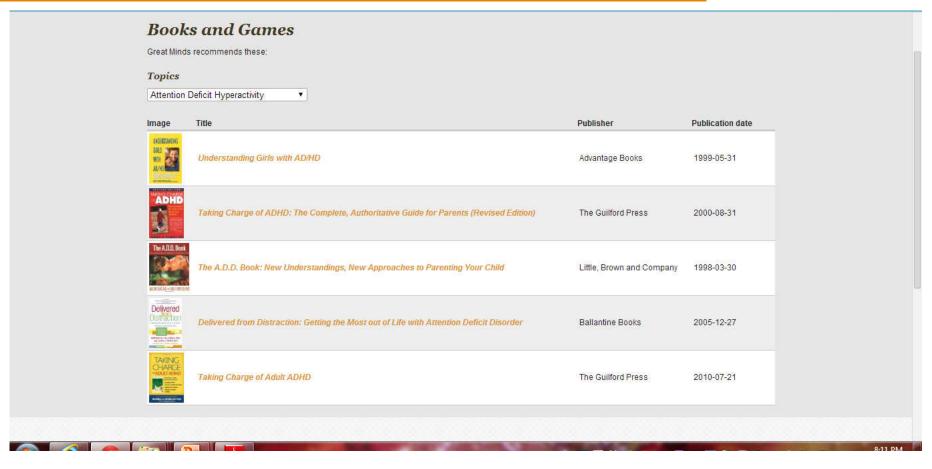


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